

# APRIL – A PERIL

By Rosey Andrews  
Regional Director Hudson Valley Regional Prayer Movement  
Newburgh, NY 12550  
Feb 19, 2007

© 2007 Ambassadors International all rights reserved. No part of this document may be copied without permission

We had just finished a Prayer Gathering at the Capitol Region Prayer and Healing Center in Albany, New York. There were four of us in the car with Will Ford on the return home. He was telling us about the Assembly 2007 in Virginia Beach that is to be held in April.

Each time he said the word "APRIL" I would see in the spirit the word split in mid air into two words "A" "PERIL" I was not sure what "A" "PERIL" was so I asked Will. He said it was a disaster. I looked it up in the dictionary when we got home (to expose to harm or injury - danger, Hazard, something that may cause harm or injury, Jeopardy, Risk) I said, Oh No, the Lord is warning me that something serious is going to happen in APRIL. Possible at the Assembly 2007 or The United States.

The vision of the words splitting has persisted. In the last week till it has become so frequent, all day, everyday that I thought I should send it to you. I have been praying about it throughout most of my days since that day. Just a few days ago when I was seeing this vision I heard the Star Spangle Banner (playing in my head) composed by Francis Scott Key, "In Defense of Fort McHenry" in September 1814. Congress proclaimed it the U.S. National Anthem in 1931 – (History below)

I am seeking more clarity but sense that something dangerous is going to happen at the US Capitol Washington DC and also the Assembly 2007 could be in Jeopardy but even more so I believe we are in danger in the month of April as a whole as a nation if we don't get down and dirty and pray.  
May We Be Found Faithful,  
Rosey Andrews

## Star Spangle Banner

Oh, say, can you see, by the dawn's early light,  
What so proudly we hail'd at the twilight's last gleaming?  
Whose broad stripes and bright stars, thro' the perilous fight,  
O'er the ramparts we watch'd, were so gallantly streaming?  
And the rockets' red glare, the bombs bursting in air,  
Gave proof thro' the night that our flag was still there.  
O say, does that star-spangled banner yet wave  
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave?

On the shore dimly seen thro' the mists of the deep,  
Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes,  
What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep,  
As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses?

Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,  
In full glory reflected, now shines on the stream:  
'T is the star-spangled banner: O, long may it wave  
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

And where is that band who so vauntingly swore  
That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion  
A home and a country should leave us no more?  
Their blood has wash'd out their foul footsteps' pollution.  
No refuge could save the hireling and slave  
From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave:  
And the star-spangled banner in triumph doth wave  
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

O, thus be it ever when freemen shall stand,  
Between their lov'd homes and the war's desolation;  
Blest with vict'ry and peace, may the heav'n-rescued land  
Praise the Pow'r that hath made and preserv'd us as a nation!  
Then conquer we must, when our cause is just,  
And this be our motto: "In God is our trust"  
And the Star-Spangled Banner in triumph shall wave  
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

**History: In 1814, about a week after the city of Washington had been badly burned, British troops moved up to the primary port at Baltimore Harbor in Maryland. Frances Scott Key visited the British fleet in the Harbor on September 13th to secure the release of Dr. William Beanes who had been captured during the Washington raid. The two were detained on the ship so as not to warn the Americans while the Royal Navy attempted to bombard Fort McHenry. At dawn on the 14th, Key noted that the huge American flag, which now hangs in the Smithsonian's American History Museum, was still waving and had not been removed in defeat. The sight inspired him to write a poem entitled Defense of Fort McHenry; later the poem was set to music that had been previously composed for another song by a Mr. Smith. The end result was the inspiring song now considered the national anthem of the United States of America. It was accepted as such by public demand for the next century or so, but became even more accepted as the national anthem during the World Series of Baseball in 1917 when it was sung in honor of the brave armed forces fighting in the Great War. The World Series performance moved everyone in attendance, and after that it was repeated for every game. Finally, on March 3, 1931, the American Congress proclaimed it as the national anthem, 116 years after it was first written.**

© 2007 Ambassadors International all rights reserved. No part of this document may be copied without permission